

## **CISPLATIN FLUOROURACIL with concurrent RT (CF75)**

## **INDICATION (ICD10) C15**

1. Radical treatment oesophageal carcinoma (unlicensed). PS 0, 1, 2

## REGIMEN

Day 1 Prehydration CISPLATIN 75mg/m<sup>2</sup> in 1000ml sodium chloride 0.9% IV infusion over 2 hours Posthydration FLUOROURACIL 4000mg/m<sup>2</sup> over 96 hours via an infusor

## CYCLE FREQUENCY AND NUMBER OF CYCLES

Cycles 1 and 2 - 3 weekly Cycles 3 and 4 - 3-4 weekly, starting concurrently with RT

## **ANTI-EMETICS**

Highly emetogenic day 1 Low emetogenic risk days 2, 3 and 4

#### **CONCURRENT MEDICATION REQUIRED**

Cisplatin	Ensure adequate pre and post hydration. If urine output is <100ml/hour or if patient gains >2kg in weight during IV administration post cisplatin give 20-40mg furosemide PO/IV.
Fluorouracil	Mouth and bowel support eg_Loperamide, benzydamine mouthwash

## **EXTRAVASATION AND TYPE OF LINE / FILTERS**

Cisplatin – exfoliant Fluorouracil - inflammitant

Central line

#### INVESTIGATIONS

Blood results required before SACT administration FBC, U&E and LFTs every cycle Neutrophils  $x \ 10^9/L \ge 1.5$ Platelets  $x \ 10^9/L \ge 100$ Ideally EDTA GFR should be used Creatinine clearance (GFR) calculated, at the Consultants discretion Serum creatinine DPD test Baseline weight and every cycle

#### MAIN TOXICITES AND ADVERSE REACTIONS

Cisplatin	Nephrotoxicity – ensure adequate pre and post hydration is prescribed. Ototoxicity – assess patient for tinnitus or hearing abnormalities.	
Fluorouracil		

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#### INTERACTIONS WHICH MAY REQUIRE DOSE MODIFICATIONS (not exhaustive list check SPC/BNF/Stocklevs)

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Cisplatin	Aminoglycosides increased risk of nephrotoxicity and ototoxicity. Renal function should be well monitored and audiometric tests as required. Cisplatin can cause a decrease in phenytoin serum levels. This may lead to reappearance of seizures and may require an increase of phenytoin dosages.		
Fluorouracil	Cimetidine slightly increases exposure to fluorouracil Metronidazole increased toxicity Phenytoin concentration increased Warfarin		

## DOSE MODIFICATIONS

#### Haematological

If neutrophils  $<1.5x10^{9}/L$  and/or the platelet count  $<100x10^{9}/L$  delay the second course by one week, recheck blood count. Then if satisfactory ( $>1.5x10^{9}/L$  and  $>100x10^{9}/L$ ) give 75% dose cisplatin and fluorouracil

If not satisfactory delay by a further week and recheck blood count, if satisfactory (> $1.5x10^{9}$ /L and > $100x10^{9}$ /L) then give 50% dose cisplatin and fluorouracil.

If still unsatisfactory after 2 week delay chemotherapy should be discontinued.

#### Non-haematological

#### Cisplatin

If patient complains of tinnitus, tingling of fingers and/or toes, discuss with SpR or Consultant before administration.

#### Hepatic impairment

#### Fluorouracil

Significantly impaired hepatic function eg bilirubin >50micromol/L may be a sign of disease progression and require cessation of, or change in, treatment. Always discuss deteriorating liver function with consultant.

Bilirubin >85micromol/L	not recommended
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# Renal impairment

Ospiaun	
CrCl >60ml/min	give 100% dose
CrCl 45-60ml/min	give 75% dose
CrCl <45ml/min	not recommended or switch to an appropriate oxaliplatin containing regimen

#### REFERENCES

1. J Clin Onc 1997; 5 (No 1): 277-284

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